

POSSIBLE FUNDING FOR NEW YORK STATE SOCIAL MODEL ADULT DAY SERVICES PROGRAMS

Name	Funding Source	Comments
Private Fees (can be on a sliding scale)	Participant Payments	SADS is a cost-effective service – A family member may pay to give respite to parent /sibling caregiver.
Older Americans Act (OAA) (as amended in 2006)	90% Federal, 10% Local (Except III-E which is noted below)	Various Aging Services - \$ goes to NYSOFA then is passed on to the local AAAs who decide service needs Age eligibility, No means test, Present Contributions in NYS; Targets groups (greatest social or econ. need)
Title III-B		Funds supportive, community-based services including transportation and respite (SADS).
Title III-C Subpart 1		Funding for meals and Nutrition Services – SADS can be a nutrition site or part of a nutrition program
Title III-E	75% Federal, 25% Local	National Family Caregiver Support Program (NYS Elder Caregiver Support Program) Funding for respite care, such as SADS and other caregiver supports.
Title IV		Funds training, research and discretionary projects and programs, potential staff training funding.
Title V		Community Service Employment for Older America – provides jobs for low-income 55+ - free help for you.
Social Security Title XX Community Block Grants	Federal with State and Local Match	Can pay for SADS but unlikely because of competition at the local level.
Long Term Home Health Program (LTHHCP)	Medicaid \$ Purchase of Service Contracts	SADS and transportation to SADS can be a waived services – Income and NH eligibility – LTC Medicaid which includes those who qualify due to spousal impoverishment - SADS contracts with individual LTHHCP
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	US Dept. Of Agriculture Federal Funding	Administered by NYS Dept. of Health – Reimburses for meals served in SADS with rates determined by participants' income – Individual plan of care and local oversight required.
Community Services for the Elderly (CSE)	75% NYS, 25% Local (\$/In-kind)	Various ways to distribute – Support Services usually for the Frail/ Economically disadvantaged.
Expanded In-Home Services for the Elderly (EISEP)	75% NYS, 25% Local	Various ways to distribute – Can be used for non-institutional respite like SADS – Minimum of 50% of local share has to go for Home Care – An area's lack of Home Care Aides is good seller for SADS funding.
Housing & Urban Development Grants (HUD)	Fed. Grants	Competitive RFP Process – Can provide funding for establishing a SADS in HUD facilities.
LTC Insurance such as the NYS Partnership for LTC and other policies	Private Insurance	Contracts for individual cases with SADS providers – SADS coverage varies with the insurance policy.
Developmental Disabilities Funding (OMRDD)	Varies but usually a blend of Federal & NYS	Grants/Contracts/Purchase of Service – Usually for specific customers – Better chances in OMRDD Under served areas like rural NYS.
Mental Health Day Treatment (OMH)	Usually a blend	SADS can be designated as a Day Treatment Program with added staff and services – OMH Under served areas best potential for funding.
Brookdale Foundation Respite Start-up Grants and Other Foundations	Foundation Funding	Restricted to their volunteer model and ADRD population –Focus on caregiver – 1-2 yr. funding.
Veterans Administration Contracts	Federal \$ via Local Hospitals	VA Hospitals can contract with local SADS to provide service to their patients and respite for their caregiver.
Local Government	Usually In-Kind support	Use of buildings/utilities and other administrative services, local services like transportation, possibly grants.
United Way, Churches, Civic Groups, Charities	Local non-government \$ And In-Kind	Grants/ Match \$/ In-Kind support such as fundraising events, volunteer workers, free or shared space. Best way to access is through a personal caregiver contact.